SAFETY DATA SHEET



Techspray 152a Duster

Section 1. Identified	cation
Product identifier	: Techspray 152a Duster
Product code	: 1673-CAN/10S/15S
Chemical name	: 1,1 diflouroethane
Other means of identification	: Dusting agents
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Manufacturer Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel:678-819-1408 Toll free: 800-858-4043 Fax: 806-372-8750 Distributor EMX Enterprises LTD 250 Granton Drive Richmond Hill, ONT Canada L4B 1H7 905-764-0040
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666 Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043 24/7
Section 2. Hazard	identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
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 Not applicable.
 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Response

Storage

1/10

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Chemical name Other means of identification : Substance

- : 1,1 diflouroethane
- : Dusting agents

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not available.		
Ingredient name		% (v/v)	CAS number
1,1-difluoroethane		100	75-37-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary firs	<u>t aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/ef	
Potential acute health effec	t <u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	: Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	<u>oms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness

Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion Seek medical attention.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delay. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hour		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitat		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any For emergency responders : information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
1,1-difluoroethane	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dus vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also nee vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use ventilation equipment.	other engineering ny ed to keep gas,
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measure	<u>S</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contar Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash safety showers are close to the workstation location.	g period. minated clothing.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be use assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid s gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection shoul unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safe side-shields.	plashes, mists, d be worn,
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk asses this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glov check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective pr should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove materia different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be acc estimated.	essment indicates re manufacturer, roperties. It I may be consisting of
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected base being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from s wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gl	a specialist tatic electricity, static
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures s selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved a approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used acc respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and aspects of use.	ording to a

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	Gas.
Color	:	Colorless.
Odor	:	Ethereal. Faint odor.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	1	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 3.9% Upper: 16.9%
Vapor pressure	:	87 psia @ 25 C
Vapor density	:	2.4 [Air = 1]
Relative density	1	Not available.
Solubility	1	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	;	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	154°C (309.2°F)
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.
Type of aerosol	:	Spray
Heat of combustion	:	18.49 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on t	<u>oxicological</u>	<u>effects</u>
Acute toxicity		

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity Not available.

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	: Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite irritation redness dryness cracking	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion Seek medical attention.	

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure		
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Lona term exposure		

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,1-difluoroethane	1.13	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may
	retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1030	UN1950	UN1030
UN proper shipping name	1,1-Difluoroethane	1,1-Difluoroethane	1,1-Difluoroethane	AEROSOLS	1,1-Difluoroethane
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Certificate No. SU 11078 allows this product to be shipped in accordance with DOT-SP 11516	Ground under DOT Exemption DOT SP-11516	<u>Hazard</u> identification number UN1030	LTD QTY	Cargo Aircraft OnlyPackaging instructions: Copy of DOT-E 11516 must be presented.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds
CEPA Toxic substances	: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds
Canada inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Convent	ion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol (Annexes Not listed.	<u>s A, B, C, E)</u>
	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention on F	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on	POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
Inventory list	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	 Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 11/13/2018
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/13/2018
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations
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Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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